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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/540,063	06/22/2005	Peter Geigenberger	13311-00008-US	4909
	7590 09/16/200 SOVE LODGE & HUT	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 2207		PAGE, BRENT T		
WILMINGTON, DE 19899			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1638	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/16/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		0,063	GEIGENBERGER	GEIGENBERGER ET AL.			
		iner	Art Unit				
	BREN	IT PAGE	1638				
The MAILING DATE of this cor Period for Reply	nmunication appears or	the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM T  - Extensions of time may be available under the prafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxing Failure to reply within the set or extended period for the Any reply received by the Office later than three reamed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.76	HE MAILING DATE OF ovisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In a is communication. mum statutory period will apply a or reply will, by statute, cause the nonths after the mailing date of the contractions.	THIS COMMUNION of Event, however, may a count will expire SIX (6) MONE application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication	s) filed on 14 April 200	18					
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action	<del></del>					
<u>'</u>	/ <b>—</b>		ters prosecution as to th	e merits is			
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	•	•	,				
·	anding in the application	un.					
	Claim(s) <u>45 and 47-60</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>60</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	are withdrawn nom co	isideration.					
·= · · ·	looted.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>45 and 47-59</u> is/are re	-						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected							
8) Claim(s) are subject to	restriction and/or election	on requirement.					
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to	by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on i	s/are: a) <mark></mark> accepted c	or b)  objected to	by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that an	y objection to the drawing	(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) ind	luding the correction is re	quired if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is object	ted to by the Examiner	. Note the attached	d Office Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application 				

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/14/2008 has been entered.

The entry of new claims 59 and 60 is acknowledged. Claims 45, and 47-60 are examined on the merits below.

Any claim objections or rejections of record not specifically addressed below are considered hereby withdrawn in response to claim amendments when taken together with Applicants arguments.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 45, 47, 49-50, and 55-58 and 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ohlrogge et al (US Patent 5925805).

The claims are drawn to a method for the production of starch and/or oil comprising growing a transformed plant that expresses at least one hemoglobin and

recovering the starch and/or oil from the plant wherein the hemoglobin is from a soybean plant (Glycine max, soybean and Leguminosae) and the transformed plant is a soybean. The claims do not limit the exogenously expressed gene to anything and so any exogenously expressed gene meets the limitation of the claims. Since it is only required that the transformed plant expresses at least one hemoglobin, any transformed plant that naturally expresses hemoglobin meets the limitation of the claim. As defined by Applicants own specification, leghemoglobin is considered such a hemoglobin (see page 4 2nd full paragraph, for example), and thus any transformed legume meets the limitation of the claims.

Ohlrogge et al teach a method for the production of oil by transforming a soybean plant with a genetic construct designed to increase oil content (see claims, especially claims 16, 1, and 19 and 21, for example).

Claims 45, 47-52, 55-56 and 58 and 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Zou et al (US Patent 6051755).

The claims are drawn to a method for the production of starch and/or oil comprising growing a transformed plant that expresses at least one hemoglobin and recovering the starch and/or oil from the plant wherein the hemoglobin is from Arabidopsis and the transformed plant is a Arabidopsis. The claims do not limit the exogenously expressed gene to anything and so any exogenously expressed gene meets the limitation of the claims. Since it is only required that the transformed plant expresses at least one hemoglobin, any transformed plant that naturally expresses

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hemoglobin meets the limitation of the claim. Since the isolated hemoglobin of the instant invention comes from Arabidopsis, any transformed Arabidopsis plant meets the limitation of the claims as currently written.

Zou et al teach a method for the production of oil by transforming an Arabidopsis plant with a genetic construct designed to increase oil content (see claims, for example), wherein the hemoglobin expressed inherently is encoded by SEQ ID NO:5 since the sequence is isolated from Arabidopsis.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 45 and 47-58 remain rejected and claims 59-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harper et al (PGPUB-20020160378) in view of Sowa et al (1998 PNAS 95:10317-10321) and further, in view of Nykiforuk (US patent 6552250). The claims remain rejected for the reasons of record in the office actions mailed out 09/08/2006 and 10/19/2007 as well as the reasons set forth below. New claim 59 is rejected as applied to the previous claims and as well as the reasons set forth below.

Applicant's arguments filed 04/14/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants urge that Harper et al fail to teach the production of starch and/or oil by overexpressing at least one hemoglobin in a plant (pages 4-5 of response).

This is not persuasive because the claims are not limited to plants that are "overexpressing" hemoglobin, they are only required to express it. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., over-expression of hemoglobin) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Furthermore, Harper et al do, in fact disclose that the preferred plant species is "particularly those Brassica species useful as sources of seed oil" (see paragraph 8 of under the detailed description of the invention). It naturally follows that oil is produced when such a species is grown, and certainly the production of oil is suggested wherein species that are useful as sources of seed oil are used.

Applicants urge that Harper et al do not teach that any of the disclosed genes increase production of starch and/or oil or the physiological effect of the transformation of any such genes (pages 4-5 of response).

This is not persuasive because the claims do not require the starch and/or oil to be increased in the transformed plant. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e.,increased starch and /or oil production) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Furthermore, the

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current claims also do not recite any physiological effect on the transformed plant. The current claims merely require that a plant is transformed with hemoglobin and that oil or starch is recovered.

Applicants further urge that the whole of the invention must be obvious and the the prior art does not reveal the property discovered by the Applicants (pages 5-6 of response).

This is not persuasive because the property referred to is not part of the claim limitations as discussed above. Furthermore, the combination of the references render obvious both the transformation of plants with hemoglobin, including oil producing species, as well as the recovery of such oil. Applicants appear to be arguing exclusively against Harper et al, and not over the combination of references. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

The recitation of T2 seeds in claim 59 is an obvious design choice as a representative of Arabidopsis seeds that would be readily appreciated by one of ordinary skill in the art. T2 seeds are well-known in the art.

No claims are free of the prior art.

No claims are allowed.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRENT PAGE whose telephone number is (571)272-5914. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anne Marie Grunberg can be reached on (571)-272-0975. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Brent T Page

/Anne Marie Grunberg/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1638

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